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Predictors of Knowledge Sharing Behaviors Among Community Based Natural Resources Management organizations in the Okavango delta, Botswana

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Presentation Outline

- Introduction
- Purpose
- Theoretical Framework
- Methodology
- Results
- Discussions & Implications
- Recommendations for Practice & Research
- Acknowledgements





- Increasing environmental challenges and problems
- Need to promote broad public responsible environmental behaviors
- Information diffusion use of agents to disseminate for broader social impacts
- Need to understand the knowledge sharing behaviors of the agents





- Improving public understanding of environmental/natural resources issues and promoting social change
 - Examine communication approaches
 - Identify factors that are significant in facilitating desired social change
 - Design environmental communication interventions targeting important factors

- Literature suggests
 - Identify & target communication interventions to impact significant predictors of REB
 - Few KSB studies in NRM & targeting adult populations in informal settings
 - Knowledge management literature – virtual communities (private sector, business, professional service firms and IT - e.g., Wolfe & Loraas, 2008; Yang & Wu, 2008)





 To examine the relative contribution of selected predictors of knowledge sharing behaviors in explaining knowledge-sharing intentions among CBNRM board members in the Okavango Delta, Botswana.

















- Study area
- Quasi-experimental design
- Sampling: Cluster (random)
- Procedure & Instrumentation
 - Intervention workshop
 - Presentations treatment
 - Wildfire/Waste Management
- Participants complete a retrospective pretest



My level of knowledge of ...

1.1

wildfires as an environmental problem in Botswana..... wildfire management issues in the Okavango delta the causes of wildfires in the Okavango delta

the impacts of uncontrolled wildfires on the Okavango delta ecosystem

. wildfire management strategies

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- Multiple regression
- Assumptions
 - Independence of observations and errors
 - Multivariate normality
 - Linearity
 - Multicoliniarity
 - Homoscedasticity





Results





Variable	Items	N	M (SD)	%	m
Gender	Male			71.7	86
	Female			28.3	34
Education		120	2.53 (.77)		
	None			11.7	14
	Driverry			29.3	-24
	Secondary			55.0	66
	Tertiary			5	6
Ethnicity	Motawana			5.0	6
	Moyei			26.7	32
	Mosarwa			27.5	33
	Mombukushu			25.0	30
	Moherero			5.8	.7
	Others			10.0	12
Position	Chairperson.			10.8	13
	Vice Chairperson			9.2	11
	Secretary/Vice			15.8	19
	Treasurer			7.5	9
	Member			39.2	47
	Ex-officio			17.5	21
Age (years)		120	35.95 (13.02)		
Length of service		103	2.70 (1.92)		









Discussions & Implications



- Important factors: Attitudes, Knowledge, & Locus of control
 - Chen et al., 2009, Hines et al., 1986
 - Contrast Hwang, Kim, & Jeng, 2000
- Knowledge: Issue & Skills
 - Partial contrast Frick et al., 2004; Hines et al., 1986
- Effective knowledge sharing can be promoted through intervention that targets agent's attitudes, knowledge & locus of control





- Use of self-reported scales
- Use of retrospective-pretest instrument design
- Convenient sample of a single stakeholder group





- Practice
 - Agents' knowledge-sharing capacity needs assessment
 - Training is such areas as self-efficacy, public communication skills
 - Use of TEK for meaningful learning

Research

- KSB and additional factors that can promote pro KSB in environmental/NRM field, e.g., subjective norms and normative beliefs
- Extend future studies to other stakeholders
 - Objective measurements scales
 - Traditional pretest-posttest design
 - Research designs with control groups





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